

## Flexible Spending Account Expense Listing

### Health Care Expenses that are Eligible - Health Care Reimbursement

The following list identifies some of the common medical, dental and health related expenses that the Internal Revenue Service\* considers to be deductible expenses. These expenses are eligible for reimbursement through your Flexible Spending Account provided that you have not been reimbursed for them through any other benefits plan. Allowable Flexible Spending expenses include:

Abortion, legal	Guidedog and its upkeep
Acupuncture	Hair transplant (medically necessary)
Alcoholism treatment	Health spa in home (to extent value of home not increased)
Ambulance	Hearing aids and batteries
Artificial limbs and teeth	Hospital services
Birth control pills	HMO (Health Maintenance Organization) copayments
Braces	Insulin
Braille books and magazines (to the extent prices exceed prices for regular books and magazines)	Iron Lung
Car (special medical equipment within)	Laboratory fees
Contact lenses including saline solution and enzyme cleaner (Must submit cash register receipt)	Lead-based paint removal to prevent lead poisoning
Crutches	Legal fees to allow treatment for mental illness
Dental Treatment	Lip-reading lessons
Diathermy	Lodging for medical care
Durable Medical Equipment	Medical information plan (amounts paid to plan that keeps your medical information)
Electrolysis or hair removal (medically necessary)	Mentally retarded, special home
Examination, physical	Nurses' expenses and board
Eye examination	Nursing care
Eyeglasses	Nursing home (if for medical reasons)
Fees for health club (medically necessary)	Operations and related treatments
Fees to doctors, hospitals, etc. for:	Over the counter drugs (some restrictions apply)
Anesthesiologist	Oxygen equipment
Chiropractor	Prescribed drugs and medicine
Christian Science practitioners	Radial Keratotomy
Clinic charges	Rental of medical equipment
Dentist	Sanitarium
Dermatologist	Smoking cessation programs
General Practitioner	Special schooling for physically or mentally handicapped family member
Gynecologist	Sterilization
Internist	Telephone (for the deaf)
Midwife	Television equipment which displays the audio part of TV programs for the deaf
Neurologist	Therapy (for medical treatment)
Obstetrician	Transplants
Ophthalmologist	Transportation costs to and from doctor, hospital and/or pharmacy (See IRS Publication 502 for amount per mile)
Optometrist	Vitamins (that require a prescription for purchase)
Osteopath, licensed	Weight loss programs (physician approved)
Podiatrist	Wheelchair
Practical Nurse	Wigs to cover baldness due to medical reasons
Psychiatrist	X-ray
Psychoanalyst (medical care only)	
Psychologist (medical care only)	
Sex therapist (medical care only)	
Surgeon	

### Health Care Expenses that are Not Reimbursable

Any illegal treatment	Diaper service
Cosmetic services and procedures (unless necessary to restore normal functioning)	Health and beauty aids
Medications specifically used for cosmetic purposes	Insurance premiums
Cost of remedial reading classes for non-disabled child	Over-the-counter drugs (including health & beauty aids, vitamins and nutritional supplements for general well being)
Dancing or ballet, even when recommended by doctor	Teeth whitening
Funeral expenses	
Food for weight loss programs	

\*Refer to IRS Publication 502 for additional information.

## **Dependent Care Expenses that are Eligible - \$5,000 Maximum**

### **Dependent Care Reimbursement**

An eligible dependent is any dependent who is less than 13 years old and your dependent under federal income tax rules. An eligible dependent may also include your mentally or physically impaired spouse or a dependent who is incapable of caring for him or herself (for example, an invalid parent). The dependent must spend at least eight hours per day in your home.

Child care services will qualify for reimbursement from the Dependent Care Reimbursement Account if they meet these requirements:

- The child must be under 13 years old and must be your dependent under federal tax rules. Note: If your child turns 13 during the year, you cannot stop your contribution at that time.
- The services may be provided inside or outside your home, but not by someone who is your minor child or dependent for income tax purposes (for example, an older child).
- If the services are provided by a day-care facility that cares for six or more children at the same time, it must be a qualified day-care center.
- The services must be incurred to enable you, or you and your spouse if you are married, to be employed.
- The amount to be reimbursed must not be greater than your income or the combined income of an employee and spouse, whichever is lower.
- Services must be for the physical care of the child, not for education, meals, etc.

### **Dependent Care Expenses that are Eligible**

Allowable Dependent Care expenses include payments to the following when the expenses enable you to work\*:

- Child care centers
- Family day care providers
- Baby-sitters
- Nursery schools
- Caregivers for a disabled dependent or spouse who lives with you
- Household services, provided that a portion of these expenses are for a qualifying dependent incurred to ensure the dependent's well-being and maintenance

### **Dependent Care Expenses that are not Eligible**

- Dependent care expenses that are provided to one of your dependents by a family member, unless the family member is age 19 or over by the end of the year and will not be claimed as a dependent
- Expenses for food and clothing
- Education expenses from kindergarten on
- Health care expenses for your dependents
- Overnight camps

## **EMPLOYER REQUIRES TAX ID # FOR DEPENDENT CARE.**

\*Refer to IRS Publication 503 for additional information.

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## **CLAIM SUBMISSION GUIDELINES**

The federal regulations governing the administration of Flexible Spending Accounts (FSAs) are definitive and specific regarding reimbursements through the FSA.

Participants in the FSA program must provide a written statement from an independent third party along with a completed Reimbursement Form to receive reimbursement through the FSA. Cancelled checks are not acceptable. The statement does not have to be elaborate; a handwritten statement or a copy of the bill is adequate. However, the statement must include the following information:

- The name of the provider (the person providing the service)
- The dates of service (the dates on which service was provided)
- A description of the service(s) rendered
- The amount charged
- The name of the person receiving the services
- For dependent care claims, the provider's tax ID number or Social Security number must be included, if required by your employer.

Additionally, if the service performed has been submitted for payment and is reimbursed under a health insurance plan, then a copy of the Explanation of Benefits (EOB) must accompany the completed Reimbursement Form.

Also, for over-the-counter drugs, please circle or highlight the eligible item(s) on your receipt, and list each item separately on your Reimbursement form.