# 6th Grade Summer Math Dacket



The summer math packet is a great opportunity for your student to begin the year with extra credit. It is a review of math concepts that your student has been taught. None of the material included in the packet is new. Each page of the packet contains a completed sample problem for your student to review.

In order for your student to receive credit for the packet, the <u>ENTIRE</u>

<u>PACKET</u> must be completed with <u>ALL OF THE WORK SHOWN</u>.

The packet will be collected the first week of school.

Enjoy your summer.

We are looking forward to a great school year.

Ms. Duff, Ms. Geis, and Mrs. Fontaine



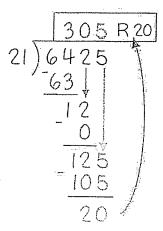
#### Multiplying Whole Numbers

- 1. Write the problem vertically
- 2. Multiply the ones digit of the bottom number by each of the digits in the top number, right to left
- 3. Bring down a zero and then multiply the tens digit of the bottom number by each digit in the top number, right to left
- 4. Bring down two zeros and repeat with the hundreds digit of the bottom number
- 5. Add up all of the products

ex: 3,481 x 142 x 3,481 x 142 6962 + 139240 348100 494,302

#### Dividing Whole Numbers

- I. Write out the long division problem with the first number (dividend) underneath the division symbol and the second number (divisor) to the left of the division symbol
- 2. Divide the divisor into the smallest part of the dividend it can go into and write the number of times it can go in on top of the division symbol
- 3. Multiply the number on top by the divisor and write the product under the number you divided into in step 2
- 4. Subtract your product from the number above it
- 5. Bring down the next digit of the dividend
- 6. Repeat steps 2-5 until there is nothing left to bring down.
- 7. If your last subtraction answer is not zero, write the remainder on top



Find eac	h product.	Show	uour	work.
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1. 238 x 5	2. 832 x 156	3. 4,899 x 67	4. 756 x 300
			; ·
. 19 x 863	6. 188 x 732	7. 3,244 x 173	8. 609 x 840
		f:	

#### Find each quotient. Show your work.

9. 876 ÷ 2	10. 9,473 ÷ 5	11. 396 ÷ 24	12. 8,911 ÷ 45
3. 700 ÷ 12	14. 1,065 ÷ 15	15. 2,737 ÷ 305	16. 4,516 ÷ 22

#### olve each problem, showing all work.

- . Mrs. Kleim bought 5 boxes of 15 pencils to give to her students. If she has 26 students in her class, how many pencils can she give each student? How many pencils will she have left over?
- 18. Sarah and her 3 friends split a bag of candy evenly. They each ate 13 pieces of candy and there were 2 pieces leftover. How many pieces of candy were originally in the bag?

#### Rounding with Whole Numbers & Decimals

					@			
ten-thousands	thousands	hundreds	tens	ones	and a second contract of the second contract	tenths	hundredths	thousandths

- 1. Keep all digits to the left of the place you are rounding the same
- 2. If the digit to the right of the rounding digit is less than 5, keep the rounding digit the same. If it's 5 or greater, increase the rounding digit by 1.
- 3. Change all places to the right of the digit you are rounding to 0. (Trailing zeros after the decimal are unnecessary)

ex: round 52.943 to the nearest tenth

52.943

less than 5, so the 4 stags the same

52.900

don't heed traing zeros ofter the deemsi

52.9

#### Word Form & Expanded Form

- 1. Word Form: write the whole number in word form, translate the decimal to "and", & write the decimal as if it were a whole number, followed by the name of the place of the last digit
- 2. <u>Expanded Form</u>: write the value of each non-zero digit separately, with addition signs between them

ex: 209.315

two hundred nine and three hundred fifteen thousandths

200 + 9 + 0.3 + 0.01 + 0.005

#### Comparing & Ordering Decimals

- 1. Compare the whole number portions of the numbers. If they are different write > for greater than or < for less than.
- 2. If the whole numbers are the same, compare each digit to the right of the decimal point, one at a time until you find digits that are different. (If necessary, add zeros at the end of a decimal.)

13 = 13

13.7 = 13.7

13.70 < 13.74

So, 13.702 < 13.74

Round the nu	ımber 21,4	-98.2536 to the near	est indicate	ed place.				
19. tenth 20. hundi		20. hundred	21. 1	housandth	22. one			
23. thousand	3. thousand 24. hundredth		25.	ten	26. ten-thousand			
Complete the	chart beli	ow.						
Standard For	ma	Expanded Form			Word Form			
3.962	27.			28.				
29.		100 + 2 + 0.09		30.				
Я.	32.		er - Albert Server Stadt and Albert Server	Five thousand twelve hundred	six hundred eighty-five and dths			
8,770.006	33.			34.				
5.	90	0 + 10 + 4 + 0.3 + 0.02 +	- 0.008	36,.				
7.	38.			Two thousand ni	ne and thirty-five thousandths			
Compare each	pair of nu	ımbers by writing <, :	>, or = in t	he provided circ	le.			
9. 0.046	0.13	9.52 90.13	41:	4.13 24.130	42. 15.96 15.906			
3.	1	6.83 6.825	45.	256 7.24	46. 32.9 3.290			
rder the number	oers from	least to greatest.						
7. 6.86, 6.8, 7, 6.9, 6.827				48. 12.03, 1.2, 12.3, 1.203, 12.301				

#### Adding & Subtracting Decimals

I. Write the problem vertically, lining up the decimal points

ex: 12.8 - 1.52

- 2. Add zeros, if necessary
- .3. Add or subtract the numbers as if they were whole numbers
- 4. Bring the decimal point straight down

### Multiplying Decimals

- 1. Write the problem vertically with the numbers lined up to the right (decimals do NOT need to be lined up)
- ex: 3.24 x 0.8
- 2. Ignore the decimal points and multiply the numbers as if they were whole numbers
- 3. Count the total number of decimal places in the two factors and put a decimal point in the product so that it has that same number of decimal places

$$\begin{array}{c}
3.24 \longrightarrow 2 \text{ decimal places} \\
0.8 \longrightarrow 1 \text{ decimal place} \\
\hline
2592 \\
\hline
2.597
\end{array}$$

#### Dividing Decimals

- 1. Write the dividend under the division symbol and the divisor in front of the division symbol
- 2. Move the decimal in the divisor after the number and then move the decimal in the dividend the same number of places and bring it up
- 3. Ignore the decimal point and divide as if whole numbers
- 4. If there is a remainder, add a zero to the end of the dividend, bring it down, and then continue dividing until there is no remainder

49. 8.74 + 10.36	50. 37.4 – 8.55	51. 12.9 + 105.67	52. 450.89 – 213.33
		7	
53. 24.1 + 3.74	54. 14.76 – 9.8	55. 622.85 + 53.49	56. 67 – 14.06
		,	
find each product of	or quotient. Show your u	vork.	(
7. 4.5 x 6	58. 144.8 ÷ 4	59. 2.7 x 0.8	60. 6.2 ÷ 0.04
•			
. 8.9 x 2.5	62. 15.8 ÷ 0.5	63. 14.8 x 0.12	64. 16.2 ÷ 1.2
olve each problem,	showing all work.		
through Friday. If	n lunch every day, Monday he had \$20 at the start of th	66. Three friends went of the shift was shift the shift was shift with the shift was shift was shift was shift was shift was shift was shift with the shift was shift	out to lunch. The bill came to the bill evenly, how much
week, how much mo Friday?	oney did he have left after	money does each fr	iend owe?

### Adding & Subtracting Fractions

- 1. Rename the fractions to equivalent fractions with common denominators
- ex:  $4\frac{4}{9} + \frac{2}{3}$
- 2. Add or subtract the numerators and keep the denominator the same
- 3. If mixed numbers, add or subtract the whole numbers

 $4 \quad \frac{10}{q} = \boxed{5 \frac{1}{q}}$ 

4. If possible, simplify the answer  $\mathcal{E}$  change improper fractions to mixed numbers

#### Multiplying Fractions

- 1. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of I
- ex:  $6 \times \frac{2}{3}$

2. Cross-simplify the fractions if possible

 $\frac{2}{1} \times \frac{2}{8} = \frac{4}{1}$ 

3. Multiply the 2 numerators and the 2 denominators

= 4

4. If possible, simplify the answer & change improper fractions to mixed numbers

#### Dividing Fractions

- I. Turn a whole number into a fraction by giving it a denominator of I
- ex:  $12 \div \frac{1}{2}$
- 2. Keep the 1<sup>st</sup> fraction the same, change the division symbol to multiplication, and flip the 2<sup>nd</sup> fraction to its reciprocal
- $\frac{12}{1} \div \frac{1}{2}$

3. Multiply the 2 fractions

- $\frac{12}{1} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{24}{1} = 24$
- 4. If possible, simplify the answer  $\varepsilon$  change improper fractions to mixed numbers

Find each sum or difference. Show your work.

67.	<del>7</del> +	5/6

68. 
$$\frac{9}{10} - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$69. \frac{3}{11} + \frac{2}{3}$$

70. 
$$\frac{11}{12} - \frac{13}{18}$$

71. 
$$4\frac{5}{9} + 7\frac{1}{3}$$

72. 
$$12\frac{9}{14} - 9\frac{3}{7}$$

73. 
$$3\frac{3}{5} + 2\frac{3}{4}$$

74. 
$$2\frac{2}{15} - 1\frac{2}{3}$$

Find each product or quotient. Show your work.

	1	3
75.	6 X	4

76. 
$$6 \div \frac{1}{3}$$

77. 
$$15 \times \frac{2}{3}$$

78. 
$$\frac{1}{2} \div 3$$

$$79. \frac{1}{6} \times 10$$

80. 
$$\frac{1}{4} \div 2$$

8f. 
$$\frac{5}{9} \times \frac{3}{20}$$

82. 
$$4 \div \frac{1}{5}$$

Bolve each problem, showing all work.

- 3. Jacqui ran 1 1/2 miles on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday and 3/4 mile on Tuesday and Thursday. How far did she run in all?
- 84. Tyrell gave 3 packs of baseball cards to his friends. He gave each friend 1/3 of a pack. How many friends got baseball cards?

## Multiplication Chart

1	2	<b>3</b>	4	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	7 7	8	9	10 10	11	<b>12</b>
<b>2</b> 2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3 3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4 4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
<b>5</b> 5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6 6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7 7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8 8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	<b>72</b>	80	88	96
9 9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10 1	0 20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120
11 1	1 22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
<b>12</b> 12	2 24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144
<b>13</b> 1:	3 26	39	52	65	78	91	104	117	130	143	156
14 14	4 28	42	56	70	84	<del>9</del> 8	112	126	140	154	168
<b>15</b> 1:	5 30	45	60	<b>75</b>	90	105	120	135	150	165	180